

PrintML

Printing Industry Markup Langage[©]

**Professional application based on the XML language
used in the graphic Industry**

Version : printml_paper 0.9.3 (DRAFT)

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Chapitre 1 : Introduction

1.1 Presentation of the PrintML project

PrintML or Printing Industry Markup Language is the name of a professional application derived from the XML language and intended for the graphic industry.

This application has been written for :

- the professionals in the graphic industries : printing, binding, pre-press companies;
- the customers of these industries : publishers, press agencies, and any firm using the services of a printing house regularly ;
- their suppliers : paper makers and distributors, suppliers of ink, films and other consumables, subcontractors ;
- the software publishers providing these professions.

Its aim is to establish a norm allowing its users to send management information directly from computer to computer through Internet :

- price request from a customer to the printer, and the answer,
- statement of paper consumption from the printer to the publisher,
- price of the paper from the paper distributor to the customer,
- exchange of planning and delivery information,
- search for a specific type of paper,
- orders,
- and many other messages.

This document describes the first part of PrintML, which concerns the exchange of data between printers and publishers relating to the reception, the storage and the consumption of the paper provided by the publisher to the printer.

1.2 Status of this document

It corresponds to version 0.9.3, which was published on August 4, 2000.

This intermediary publication is submitted to you for your comments, and is not meant for use as such.

You can e-mail your suggestions to the following address : **draft@printml.org**

A final version of this publication will be available for downloading in November 2000 on web site **<http://www.printml.org>**

1.3 List of the messages this document deals with

This document deals with messages concerning paper storage and consumption.

The messages it describes are meant for printers and their customers. They are :

- request for the state of the inventory,
- request for a list of paper movement,
- request for periodic movement (publishing frequency),
- state of the inventory,
- list of paper movements.

1.4 Organization of the document

Part 1 introduction

Part 2 the message header; the document.

Part 3 the paper (description of the paper).

Part 4 the publisher (group_publisher_paper).

Part 5 the printer (group_printer_paper).

Part 6 other elements of the DTD.

Appendix A an XML example with a style sheet (XSL)

Appendix B visualization of the *printml_paper.dtd*

Appendix C graphic visualization of the DTD..

1.5 Contact person

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1.6 Web site and publications

To visualize the latest publications or examples, visit PrintML's site :
<http://www.printml.org>

1.7 Copyright

The present document, the PrintML DTD, the computer files and other publications are protected by copyright by the AIRE Informatique company.

However, the computer application PrintML and all of the literature can be used, reproduced and distributed freely by anyone who accepts the present terms. No authorization, fee, or royalty of any kind is needed.

The application PrintML is intended to become a standard and the only goal of AIRE Informatique's copyright is to forbid even the slightest modification of this application or of the accompanying literature without the previous agreement of the group of PrintML's users and of the AIRE Informatique company.

In order to guarantee the integrity of the standard, any reference to the PrintML DTD, especially in the XML files concerning PrintML, may only be made by using the following URL : http://www.printml.org/documents/printml_paper.dtd

1.8 List of Authors

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This document was developed in collaboration with supporters of the PrintML project whose names appear on the web site <http://www.printml.org>

Chapitre 2 : Message header

2.1 Presentation

This header makes it possible to describe all of the people concerned by the message : the sender, the receiver and possibly the addressee.

Example : sender A requests the state of the inventory from receiver B for the addressee C, who might be for example the customer.

Each of these people will be described with a name (Name element), a contact person (Contact element) and an address (Address element). The contact person is described with a name, an e-mail address, a phone number, a fax number and a URL. The DTD makes it possible to define which elements are optional and which ones are compulsory.

The part of the DTD corresponding to the message headers will therefore be used in all the other DTDs published later.

2.2 The DTD

The DTD has been built around the XML 1.0 of the W3C consortium. For further information, consult the site <http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml>

Here is the section of the DTD concerning the message headers.

This section is presented exactly as it really is (with the extension *.dtd).

```
<!ELEMENT document (document_header, transaction_number, date, document_class)>
<!ELEMENT document_header (identification_index | (from, to, forward_to*))>
<!ELEMENT identification_index (sender_identification_code, receiver_identification_code, forwarder_identification_code?)>
<!ELEMENT sender_identification_code (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT receiver_identification_code (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT forwarder_identification_code (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT from (identification, sender_identification_code)>
<!ELEMENT to ( identification)>
<!ELEMENT forward_to ( identification)>
<!ELEMENT identification (name, contact, address)>
<!ELEMENT name (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT contact (contact_name, contact_email, contact_phone, contact_fax?, contact_URL?)>
<!ELEMENT contact_name (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT contact_email (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT contact_phone (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT contact_fax (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT contact_URL (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT address (address_item?, address_item?, address_item?, Postcode, town, state?, country)>
<!ELEMENT address_item (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT Postcode (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT town (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT state (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT country (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT transaction_number (#PCDATA)>
```

```
<!ELEMENT date EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST date day NMTOKEN #REQUIRED
          month NMTOKEN #REQUIRED
          year NMTOKEN #REQUIRED>
```

Notice that each element is defined as `<!ELEMENT>` only once, even if it appears as a sub-element in another definition. (This is the case for the element identification, which appears as a sub-element of from, to and forward_to).

Element sequences :

Let us go on to the verification of the document element. It must contain a document_header sub-element followed by the sub-elements date and document_class.

Zero or one sub-element (?) :

Let us take the contact element as an example. This definition makes it possible to accept either zero or a contact_fax sub-element for the data concerning this element.

Zero or plus sub-element (*) :

Each document_header sub-element must contain a sub-element from, a sub-element to and an illimited number of elements forward_to. But the message has no addressee yet, and therefore no sub-element forward_to. The sign * is used after the name of the sub-element.

At least one sub-element (+) :

When at least one sub-element is needed, but its exact number is unknown, the sign + is used after its name.

Sub-elements with an exclusive OR :

We saw that sub-elements are presented as a sequence with a comma separator. But to establish an exclusive logical relationship between two elements, for example the sub-elements document_printer and document_publisher, the operator (|) must be used in the definition instead of the usual comma.

Attributes :

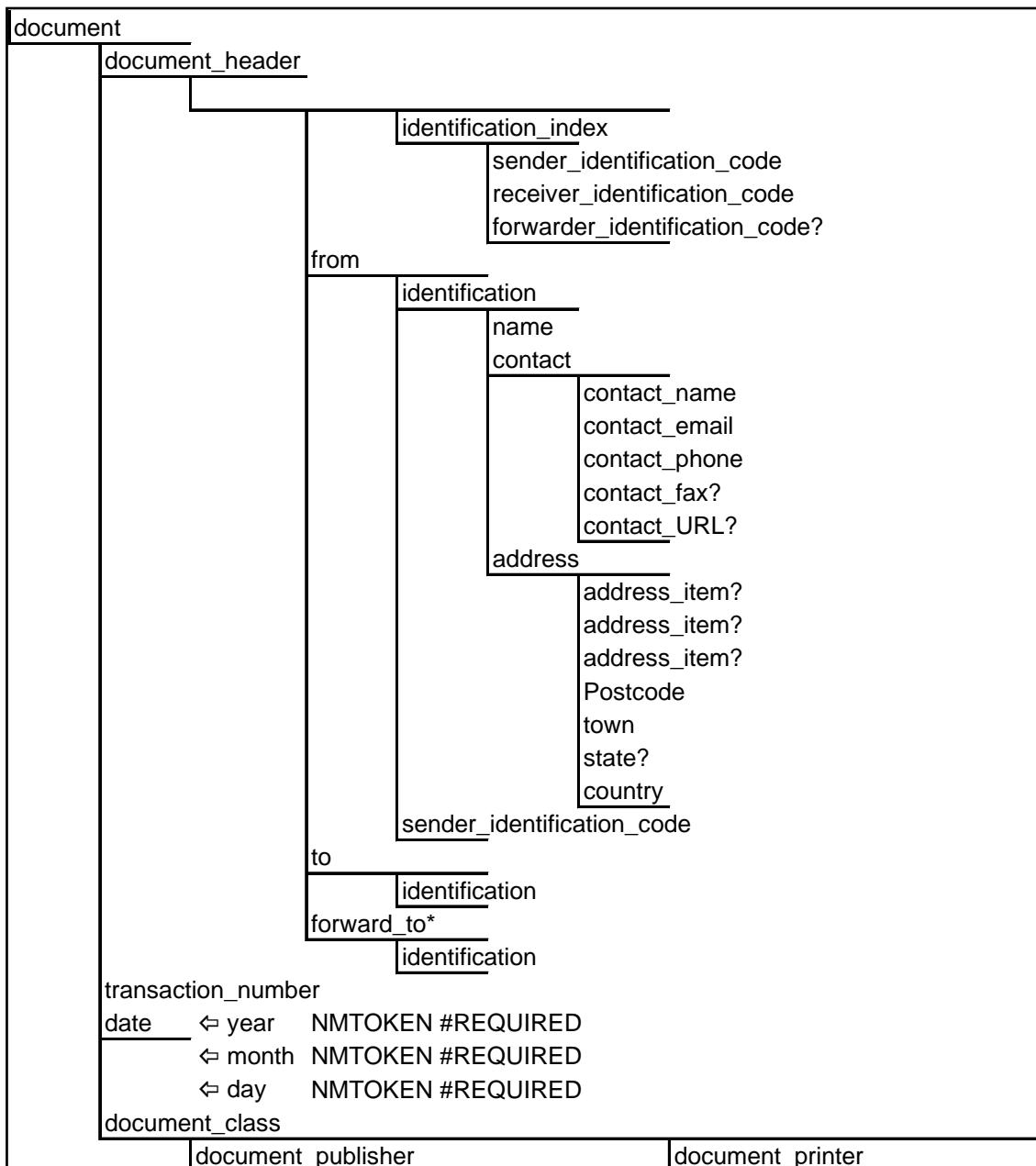
An attribute is a name-value couple associated to an element (for example year, month and day are attributes of the date element). The name and the value are chains of characters.

Like the elements, the attributes must be defined in the DTD. The tag `<!ATTLIST>` makes it possible to define these attributes.

Note : the complete DTD can be seen in Appendix B.

2.3 Graphic presentation of the DTD

Here, the DTD is presented as a tree structure to show the content of each element more clearly.



The complete DTD as a tree structure can be visualized in Appendix C.

2.4 An XML example

The following XML document is a message header. To be correct, it must match the DTD presented earlier. We notice that the document_header element contains the elements from and to but not the element forward_to.

```
<document>
  <document_header>
    <from>
      <identification>
        <name>IMPRIMERIE D'ORLEANS</name>
        <contact>
          <contact_name>Cedric SAGORY</contact_name>
          <contact_email>csagory@imp_orleans.com</contact_email>
          <contact_phone>02 84 34 24 54</contact_phone>
        </contact>
        <address>
          <address_item>1, place Jeanne d'Arc</address_item>
          <Postcode>45000</Postcode>
          <town>Orleans</town>
          <country>France</country>
        </address>
      </identification>
      <sender_identification_code>IMPORL</sender_identification_code>
    </from>
    <to>
      <identification>
        <name>AIRE INFORMATIQUE</name>
        <contact>
          <contact_name>Frederic LENA</contact_name>
          <contact_email>nom@aireinfo.com/</contact_email>
          <contact_phone>01 48 34 24 54</contact_phone>
        </contact>
        <address>
          <address_item>155, av. Jean-Jaures</address_item>
          <Postcode>93531</Postcode>
          <town>Aubervilliers</town>
          <country>France</country>
        </address>
      </identification>
    </to>
  </document_header>
  <transaction_number>111111</transaction_number>
  <date year="2000" month="7" day="26"/>
  <document_class>
```

2.5 DOCUMENT Element

```
<!ELEMENT document (document_header, date, document_class)>
```

It is the highest element in the DTD. It contains :

- document_header : identification of the sender, the receiver and the addressee(s) of the message (optional).
- date : date on which the message was sent.
- document_class : origin of the document : publisher, printer, paper maker, etc.

2.6 DOCUMENT_HEADER Element

```
<!ELEMENT document_header (identification_index | (from, to, forward_to*))>
```

There are two possibilities :

- either the people are corresponding for the first time and the elements *from*, *to* and *forward_to* must be defined. The *sender_identification_code* element will be indicated on the first message and will match the *receiver_identification_code* on the answer, so that both codes will be known for future messages ;
- or they already corresponded. In that case, the *identification_index* is used.

2.6.1 identification_index Element

If there is previous correspondance, the *identification_index* can be used, since the *receiver_identification_code* is already provided in the first message and the *sender_identification_code* will be supplied by the answer to the second message.

```
<!ELEMENT identification_index (sender_identification_code, receiver_identification_code, forwarder_identification_code?)>
<!ELEMENT sender_identification_code (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT receiver_identification_code (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT forwarder_identification_code (#PCDATA)>
```

2.6.2 from, to and forward_to Elements

These elements make it possible to define the various people concerned by the message :

- *from* : message sender
- *to* : message receiver
- *forward_to* : message addressee(s) (optional)

```
<!ELEMENT from (identification, sender_identification_code?)>
<!ELEMENT to ( identification)>
<!ELEMENT forward_to ( identification)>
<!ELEMENT transaction_number (#PCDATA)>
```

These three elements (*from*, *to* and *forward_to*) are composed of the identification element.

Special case : the *from* element is also composed of the compulsory element *sender_identification_code*.

Note : if the message receiver use *identification_index* element for the request, it will have to use this value to inform the element *receiver_identification_code*.

2.6.3 identification Element

This element allows the various people concerned by the message to identify themselves.

```
<!ELEMENT identification (name, contact, address)>
```

It must contain the following elements :

- name : name of the company (no sub-element)
- contact : the author of the message
- address : address of the company

2.6.4 contact Element

```
<!ELEMENT contact ( contact_name, contact_email, contact_phone, contact_fax?,  
contact_URL?)>  
<!ELEMENT contact_name (#PCDATA)>  
<!ELEMENT contact_email (#PCDATA)>  
<!ELEMENT contact_phone (#PCDATA)>  
<!ELEMENT contact_fax (#PCDATA)>  
<!ELEMENT contact_URL (#PCDATA)>
```

It contains the following elements :

- contact_name (compulsory)
- contact_email (compulsory)
- contact_phone (compulsory)
- contact_fax (optional)
- contact_URL (optional)

2.6.5 address Element

```
<!ELEMENT address (address_item?, address_item?, address_item?, Postcode,  
town, state?, country)>  
<!ELEMENT address_item (#PCDATA)>  
<!ELEMENT Postcode (#PCDATA)>  
<!ELEMENT town (#PCDATA)>  
<!ELEMENT state (#PCDATA)>  
<!ELEMENT country (#PCDATA)>
```

The company's address contains the following elements :

- address_element : address line (optional, up to three lines)
- postcode
- town
- state (for the USA and Canada)
- country

2.7 TRANSACTION_NUMBER Element

PrintML transaction number chosen freely by the sender. It identifies a transaction and avoids double processing.

```
<!ELEMENT transaction_number (#PCDATA)>
```

2.8 DATE Element

This element indicates when the transaction took place. It is the date on which the sender sent the message.

The DTD looks like this :

```
<!ELEMENT date EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST date day NMTOKEN #REQUIRED
          month NMTOKEN #REQUIRED
          year NMTOKEN #REQUIRED>
```

This element does not have any sub-element (EMPTY), but it is made of three compulsory parameters (#REQUIRED) : year, month, day.

2.9 DOCUMENT_CLASS Element

Document_class indicates the origin of the document. It can be the publisher or the printer.

- document_publisher
- document_printer

```
<!ELEMENT document_class ( document_publisher | document_printer)>
<!ELEMENT document_publisher ( group_publisher_paper)>
<!ELEMENT document_printer ( group_printer_paper)>
```

For messages concerning the paper inventory, the *document_publisher* element contains only the *group_publisher_paper* element, and the *document_printer* element contains only the *group_printer_paper* element..

Chapitre 3 : PAPER Element

3.1 Presentation

It contains all of the elements necessary to define a paper.

```
<!ELEMENT paper (paper_index | paper_item)>
```

There are two possibilities :

- either the publisher and the printer are corresponding for the first time and *paper_item* must be defined to indicate all of the characteristics of the paper. The *sender_paper_code* element will be indicated on the first message and will match the *receiver_identification_code* on the answer, so that both codes will be known for future messages;
- or they already corresponded. In that case, the *paper_index* is used.

This *paper* element will be used again in other messages such as price requests for example.

Note : the technical characteristics are usually not needed in this type of message, that is why all of the sub-elements of *technical_detail* are optional.

3.2 PAPER_INDEX Element

If there is previous correspondance between the publisher and the printer, the *paper_index* is used, since the *sender_paper_code* and the *receiver_paper_code* are already known.

```
<!ELEMENT paper_index (sender_paper_code, receiver_paper_code)>
<!ELEMENT sender_paper_code (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT receiver_paper_code (#PCDATA)>
```

3.3 PAPER_ITEM Element

It makes it possible to describe the paper more or less precisely, depending on the description of optional elements.

```
<!ELEMENT paper_item (owner_code, paper_code, paper_designation,
                      (paper_colour | paper_white), paper_weight, (web | sheet), job_publica-
                      tion_code?, technical_detail?)>
<!ATTLIST paper_item paper_class (newsprint | glossy_art | glossy_art_2_faces |
                                    matt_art | matt_art_2_faces | half_matt_art_paper |
```

```

satin_finished_art_paper | art_paper | art_paper_2_sides |
low_grade_art_paper | low_grade_art_paper_2_sides |
mechanical_art_paper | mechanical_art_paper_2_sides | lightweight |
bulky_woodfree | woodfree | graded_woodfree | bible | NCR_paper |
fancy_paper | environment_friendly_paper | artcard_coated |
artcard_coated_2_sides | grey_board | Bond | Coated_text_book_offset |
Cover | Index | Tag | Bristol | Newsprint) #REQUIRED
recycled (yes | no) "no"
unit_control ( sheets | kg | ream | thousand_sheets |
Linear_meter ) #REQUIRED>

```

The compulsory elements are :

- owner_code,
- paper_code ,
- paper_designation,
- paper_colour | paper_white,
- paper_weight,
- web | sheet,

The optional elements are :

- job_publication_code,
- technical_detail.

This paper_item is composed of three parameters :

- unit_control

sheets	kg	ream	thousand_sheets	linear_meter
feuille	kg	rame	mille de feuille	mètre linéaire

- recycled (yes | no)
- paper_class

glossy art	couché brillant
glossy art 2 faces	couché brillant 2 faces
matt art	couche mat
matt art 2 faces	couche mat 2 faces
half matt art paper	couche semi mat
satin finished art paper	satine
artpaper	couche sans bois
artpaper 2 sides	couche sans bois 2 faces
low grade artpaper	couché traces de bois
low grade artpaper 2 sides	couché traces de bois 2 faces
mechanical art paper	couché avec bois
mechanical art paper 2 sides	couché avec bois 2 faces
lightweight	papier mince
bulky woodfree	bouffant
woodfree	offset sans bois
graded woodfree	offset traces de bois
bible	papier bible
NCR paper	autocopiant
fancy paper	(tous les autres papiers)
environment friendly paper	écologique, blanchi sans utilisation acide
artcard coated	carton couché
artcard coated 2 sides	carton couché 2 faces
grey board	carton gris pour couverture
Bond	bond
Coated_text_book_offset	couché, pour texte, édition et offset
Cover	Couverture
Index	Fiche
Tag	Etiquette
Bristol	Bristol
Newsprint	Journal

3.4 OWNER_CODE Element

Among other things, the **owner_code** allows the user to sort papers by customer. It is composed of two elements. The first one is compulsory, but can be empty. It corresponds to the sender's paper code. The second element is optional.

```
<!ELEMENT owner_code (sender_owner_code, receiver_owner_code?)>
<!ELEMENT sender_owner_code (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT receiver_owner_code (#PCDATA)>
```

But if a message has already been sent, both codes are known and will have to be indicated.

3.5 PAPER_CODE Element

It is composed of two elements.

```
<!ELEMENT paper_code (sender_paper_code, receiver_paper_code?)>
```

The first one is compulsory. It corresponds to the sender's paper code. The second is optional since it corresponds to the receiver's paper code, which is not always known .

But if a message has already been sent, both codes are known and the *paper_index* element can be used.

3.6 PAPER_WEIGHT Element

The **paper weight** identifies a printing paper. When the **metric system** is used, which is the case almost everywhere except in North America, the basic weight is called **grammage** and it designates the weight per surface unit in grams per square meter (GSM).

```
<!ELEMENT paper_weight (metric_system | basis_weight | M_weight)>
<!ELEMENT metric_system (grammage)>
<!ELEMENT grammage (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST grammage grammage_unit CDATA #FIXED "GSM">
```

In North American countries, the paper weight is identified according to its **basic weight**, which may be the **weight of a ream** or the **basic weight of 1000 "M" sheets** in Canada.

The **weight of a ream** is expressed in pounds. A ream is composed of 500 standard (basic) format sheets of a specific type of paper. For example, the standard format for BOND paper is 17 x 22 (therefore the *basic_size* parameter is defined as 17 x 22 for the *bond* element).

```
<!ELEMENT basis_weight (paper_class, basis_weight_value)>
<!ELEMENT basis_weight_value (ream_weight_value |
    thousand_sheets_weight_value )>
<!ELEMENT ream_weight_value (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST ream_weight_value ream_weight_unit CDATA #FIXED "lb">
<!ELEMENT thousand_sheets_weight_value (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST thousand_sheets_weight_value thousand_sheets_weight_unit CDATA
    #FIXED "M">
<!ELEMENT paper_class (Bond | Coated_text_book_offset | Cover | Index | Tag |
    Bristol | Newsprint)>
<!ELEMENT Bond EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST Bond basic_size CDATA #FIXED "17x22">
<!ELEMENT Coated_text_book_offset EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST Coated_text_book_offset basic_size CDATA #FIXED "25x38">
<!ELEMENT Cover EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST Cover basic_size (20x26 | 22.5x35) "20x26">
<!ELEMENT Index EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST Index basic_size CDATA #FIXED "25.5x30.5">
<!ELEMENT Tag EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST Tag basic_size CDATA #FIXED "24x36">
<!ELEMENT Bristol EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST Bristol basic_size CDATA #FIXED "22.5x28.5">
```

```
<!ELEMENT Newsprint EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST Newsprint basic_size CDATA #FIXED "24x36">
```

In Canada, the expression **weight M** is used also for a paper class (*paper_class* element). It corresponds to the real weight of 1000 sheets of paper of a given format (*size* element describe in *paper* element).

```
<!ELEMENT M_weight (paper_class, M_weight_value)>
<!ELEMENT M_weight_value (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST M_weight_value M_weight_unit CDATA #FIXED "lb">
```

3.7 WEB, SHEET, GRAIN_DIRECTION Element

They describe the format of the paper used.

- web : for paper tape ; it can include information on the *reel_diameter* and the *reel_number* ;
- sheet : for sheets of paper ; it includes the *grain_direction* element, which indicates the direction of the fibers (height or width).

```
<!ELEMENT web ( width, reel_diameter?, reel_number?)>
<!ELEMENT sheet (height , width)>
<!ATTLIST sheet grain_direction (height | width) "height">
<!ELEMENT height (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT width (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT reel_diameter (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT reel_number (#PCDATA)>
```

3.8 TECHNICAL_DETAIL Element

It allows users to define more or less precisely the technical characteristics of the paper (all of these elements are optional).

- thickness
- brightness
- bulk
- tensile_index
- tear_index
- bursting_strength
- stiffness
- fold_resistance
- opacity
- gloss
- porosity
- hydrometry
- rugosity

```
<!ELEMENT technical_detail ( thickness?, brightness?, bulk?, tensile_index?,
```

```
tear_index?, bursting_strength?, stiffness?, fold_resistance?, opacity?,  
gloss?, porosity?, hydrometry?, rugosity?)>  
<!ELEMENT thickness (#PCDATA)>  
<!ELEMENT brightness (#PCDATA)>  
<!ATTLIST brightness type CDATA #REQUIRED>  
<!ELEMENT bulk (#PCDATA)>  
<!ELEMENT tensile_index (#PCDATA)>  
<!ATTLIST tensile_index feel ( long | through ) "long">  
<!ELEMENT tear_index (#PCDATA)>  
<!ELEMENT bursting_strength (#PCDATA)>  
<!ELEMENT stiffness (#PCDATA)>  
<!ELEMENT fold_resistance (#PCDATA)>  
<!ELEMENT opacity (#PCDATA)>  
<!ELEMENT gloss (#PCDATA)>  
<!ELEMENT porosity (#PCDATA)>  
<!ELEMENT hydrometry (#PCDATA)>  
<!ELEMENT rugosity EMPTY>  
<!ATTLIST rugosity side ( tick | felt ) #REQUIRED>
```

Chapitre 4 : group_publisher_paper

4.1 Presentation

This element contains all of the messages from the publisher concerning the paper : request for the state of the inventory, request for paper movement, and request for periodic movement.

```
<!ELEMENT group_publisher_paper (paper_header, report_request)>
```

Note : - an XML example with its style sheet (XSL) can be found in Appendix A,
- the DTD can be found in Appendix B,
- a presentation as a tree structure can be found in Appendix C.

4.2 PAPER_HEADER Element

This element contains general information about the paper :

- measurement_unit : mm or cm or inches
- decimal_separator : period or comma.

```
<!ELEMENT paper_header EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST paper_header measurement_unit ( mm | cm | inches ) #REQUIRED
          decimal_separator ( point | coma ) #REQUIRED>
```

It does not include any sub-element (EMPTY), but is composed of two #REQUIRED parameters : measurement_unit and decimal_separator. An XML example can be visualized at paragraph 4.3.1

Note : all of the values are decimal, even when the measurement unit chosen is inches.

4.3 REPORT_REQUEST Element

It contains all of the requests for paper print-outs from the publisher. It is composed of the following three sub-elements :

- inventory_request
- movement_request
- periodic_movement_request

The DTD looks like this :

```
<!ELEMENT report_request (inventory_request*, movement_request*,
```

periodic_movement_request?)>

4.3.1 inventory_request Element

There are two types of **inventory request**.

```
<!ELEMENT inventory_request ( (paper*,date) | (job_publication_code+, date))>
```

The first one is an inventory request for the papers described in *paper* and at a specific date.

In the XML file of the request, an empty tag indicates that the publisher wants an inventory request for all of the papers.

The second one is an inventory request for the papers used for a specific code number and a specific date (see paragraph 6.1 for the *job_publication_code* element).

XML EXAMPLE :

```
<group_publisher_paper>
  <paper_header measurement_unit="cm" decimal_separator="coma"/>
  <report_request>
    <inventory_request>
      <paper>
        <paper_item unit_control="sheets">
          <owner_code>
            <sender_owner_code>AIREINFO</sender_owner_code>
          </owner_code>
          <paper_code>
            <sender_paper_code>BRI80</sender_paper_code>
          </paper_code>
          <paper_designation>Bristol</paper_designation>
          <paper_colour>blue</paper_colour>
          <paper_weight>
            <metric_system>
              <grammage>80</grammage>
            </metric_system>
          </paper_weight>
          <sheet>
            <height>45</height>
            <width>64</width>
          </sheet>
        </paper_item>
      </paper>
      <paper>
        <paper_index>
          <sender_paper_code>BRI90</sender_paper_code>
          <receiver_paper_code>112</receiver_paper_code>
        </paper_index>
      </paper>
      <date day="31" month="5" year="2000"/>
    </inventory_request>
    <inventory_request>
      <job_publication_code>
        <publisher_code>TELE1</publisher_code>
        <printer_code>TELERAMA</printer_code>
      </job_publication_code>
      <date day="15" month="7" year="2000"/>
    </inventory_request>
```

4.3.2 movement_request Element

There are three types of request for paper_movement :

- a movement request for a specific job ,
- a movement request for a specific publication code and date ;
- a movement request for one (or several) movement(s) and for one (or several) paper(s).

```
<!ELEMENT movement_request (job_number |
                           (job_publication_code, first_mvt_date , last_mvt_date)
                           | (movement_request_type*, paper*, first_mvt_date , last_mvt_date) )>
```

In the XML file of the request, an empty *movement_request_type* tag indicates that the publisher wants movement request for all of the movements. In the same manner, an empty *paper* tag indicates that the publisher wants movement request for all of the papers.

XML EXAMPLE :

```

<movement_request>
    <movement_request_type type="supplier_receipts"/>
    <movement_request_type type="supplier_returns"/>
    <paper>
        <paper_item unit_control="sheets">
            <owner_code>
                <sender_owner_code>AIREINFO</sender_owner_code>
            </owner_code>
            <paper_code>
                <sender_paper_code>BRI100</sender_paper_code>
                <receiver_paper_code>113</receiver_paper_code>
            </paper_code>
            <paper_designation>Bristol</paper_designation>
            <paper_colour>blue</paper_colour>
            <paper_weight>
                <metric_system>
                    <grammage>80</grammage>
                </metric_system>
            </paper_weight>
            <sheet>
                <height>45</height>
                <width>64</width>
            </sheet>
        </paper_item>
    </paper>
    <first_mvt_date day="01" month="6" year="2000"/>
    <last_mvt_date day="31" month="6" year="2000"/>
</movement_request>
<movement_request>
    <job_publication_code>
        <publisher_code>TELE1</publisher_code>
        <printer_code>TELERAMA</printer_code>
    </job_publication_code>
    <first_mvt_date day="01" month="7" year="2000"/>
    <last_mvt_date day="31" month="7" year="2000"/>
</movement_request>
<movement_request>
    <job_number>
        <publisher_code>12003</publisher_code>
        <printer_code>A3RT64</printer_code>
    </job_number>
</movement_request>
</report_request>
</group_publisher_paper>

```

4.3.3 periodic_movement_request Element

It allows the user to make a periodic request.

```

<!ELEMENT periodic_movement_request EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST periodic_movement_request
    periodicity (weekly | monthly | quarterly | yearly) #REQUIRED>

```

It does not include any sub-element (EMPTY), but is composed of one #REQUIRED parameter : *periodicity*. The required periodicity for the print-outs must be indicated : *weekly*, *monthly*, *quarterly* or *yearly*.

Chapitre 5 : group_printer_paper

5.1 Presentation

This element contains all of the messages from the publisher concerning the paper : *inventory_list* and *movement_list*.

```
<!ELEMENT group_printer_paper (paper_header, inventory_list*, movement_list*)>
```

Note : - an XML example with its style sheet (XSL) can be found in Appendix A ;
- the DTD can be found in Appendix B ;
- a presentation as a tree structure can be found in Appendix C.

5.2 INVENTORY_LIST Element

It allows the user to print out inventory lists. The list may be printed out for a specific paper or a specific publication code.

```
<!ELEMENT inventory_list ( paper_list_item |
                           (job_publication_code, paper_list_item*))>
```

- *paper_list_item* : includes several elements defining a paper list;
- *job_publication_code*

EXAMPLE :

```
<document_printer>
  <group_printer_paper>
    <paper_header measurement_unit="cm" decimal_separator="point"/>
    <inventory_list>
      <job_publication_code>
        <publisher_code>TELE1</publisher_code>
        <printer_code>TELERAMA</printer_code>
      </job_publication_code>
      <paper_list_item>
        <paper>
          <paper_item unit_control="sheets">
            <owner_code>
              <sender_owner_code>CAIRE</sender_owner_code>
            </owner_code>
            <paper_code>
              <sender_paper_code>111</sender_paper_code>
              <receiver_paper_code>BRI80</receiver_paper_code>
            </paper_code>
            <paper_designation>Bristol</paper_designation>
            <paper_colour>blue</paper_colour>
            <paper_weight>
              <metric_system>
                <grammage>80</grammage>
              </metric_system>
            </paper_weight>
            <sheet>
              <height>45</height>
              <width>64</width>
            </sheet>
          </paper_item>
        </paper>
        <quantity>5000</quantity>
        <unusable_paper_quantity>1000
        </unusable_paper_quantity>
        <plant_allocation_detail plant_code="MAG11">
          <quantity>3000</quantity>
        </plant_allocation_detail>
        <plant_allocation_detail plant_code="MAG12">
          <quantity>2000</quantity>
        </plant_allocation_detail>
      </paper_list_item>
    </inventory_list>
  </group_printer_paper>
```

5.3 MOVEMENT_LIST Element

It allows the user to print out a **paper movement list**. The list may be printed out for a specific publication code (see paragraph 6.1 : *job_publication_code*), for a specific job number, or for one (or several) specific paper(s) or movement(s). In that case, an inventory can be made BEFORE and AFTER the movement.

```
<!ELEMENT movement_list ( (job_publication_code, movement_item+) |  
                         (job_number, paper, movement_detail+) |  
                         movement_item)>
```

EXAMPLE 1 : movement list for a specific **job_publication_code**

```
<movement_list>  
  <job_publication_code>  
    <publisher_code>TELE1</publisher_code>  
    <printer_code>TELERAMA</printer_code>  
  </job_publication_code>  
  <movement_item>  
    <paper>  
      <paper_item unit_control="kg">  
        <owner_code>  
          <sender_owner_code>CAIRE</sender_owner_code>  
        </owner_code>  
        <paper_code>  
          <sender_paper_code>210</sender_paper_code>  
        </paper_code>  
        <paper_designation>Perigord</paper_designation>  
        <paper_colour>yellow</paper_colour>  
        <paper_weight>  
          <metric_system>  
            <grammage>90</grammage>  
          </metric_system>  
        </paper_weight>  
        <web>  
          <width>87.1</width>  
        </web>  
      </paper_item>  
    </paper>  
    <movement_detail plant_code="MAG1">  
      <movement_type>  
        <supplier_receipts>  
          <supplier_name>ARJO</supplier_name>  
        </supplier_receipts>  
      </movement_type>  
      <date day="10" month="3" year="2000"/>  
      <quantity>30000</quantity>  
      <remarks>30 bobines</remarks>  
    </movement_detail>  
  </movement_item>  
</movement_list>
```

EXAMPLE 2 : movement list for a specific job_number

```
<movement_list>
  <job_number>
    <publisher_code>12003</publisher_code>
    <printer_code>A3RT64</printer_code>
  </job_number>
  <paper>
    <paper_item unit_control="kg">
      <owner_code>
        <sender_owner_code>CAIRE</sender_owner_code>
      </owner_code>
      <paper_code>
        <sender_paper_code>412</sender_paper_code>
      </paper_code>
      <paper_designation>Perigord</paper_designation>
      <paper_colour>blue</paper_colour>
      <paper_weight>
        <metric_system>
          <grammage>100</grammage>
        </metric_system>
      </paper_weight>
      <web>
        <width>98.2</width>
      </web>
    </paper_item>
  </paper>
  <movement_detail>
    <movement_type>
      <paper_consumption>
        <job_number>
          <publisher_code>12003</publisher_code>
          <printer_code>A3RT64</printer_code>
        </job_number>
        <job_title>le Horla</job_title>
        <job_publication_code>
          <publisher_code>TELE1</publisher_code>
          <printer_code>TELERAMA</printer_code>
        </job_publication_code>
      </paper_consumption>
    </movement_type>
    <date day="15" month="3" year="2000"/>
    <quantity>5000</quantity>
    <remarks>5 bobines</remarks>
  </movement_detail>
</movement_list>
```

EXAMPLE 3 : movement list for one (or several) specific paper(s) or movement(s).

```
<movement_list>
  <movement_item>
    <paper>
      <paper_item unit_control="kg">
        <owner_code>
          <sender_owner_code>CAIRE</sender_owner_code>
        </owner_code>
        <paper_code>
          <sender_paper_code>210</sender_paper_code>
        </paper_code>
        <paper_designation>Perigord</paper_designation>
        <paper_colour>yellow</paper_colour>
        <paper_weight>
          <metric_system>
            <grammage>80</grammage>
          </metric_system>
        </paper_weight>
        <web>
          <width>87.1</width>
        </web>
      </paper_item>
    </paper>
    <movement_detail plant_code="MAG1">
      <movement_type>
        <supplier_receipts>
          <supplier_name>ARJO</supplier_name>
        </supplier_receipts>
      </movement_type>
      <date day="10" month="3" year="2000"/>
      <quantity>30000</quantity>
      <remarks>30 bobines</remarks>
    </movement_detail>
    <movement_detail>
      <movement_type>
        <paper_consumption>
          <job_number>
            <publisher_code>12003</publisher_code>
            <printer_code>A3RT64</printer_code>
          </job_number>
          <job_title>le Horla</job_title>
          <job_publication_code>
            <publisher_code>TELE1</publisher_code>
            <printer_code>TELERAMA</printer_code>
          </job_publication_code>
        </paper_consumption>
      </movement_type>
      <date day="15" month="3" year="2000"/>
      <quantity>5000</quantity>
      <remarks>5 bobines</remarks>
    </movement_detail>
  </movement_item>
</movement_list>
```

Chapitre 6 : Other Elements of the DTD

6.1 JOB_PUBLICATION_CODE Element

It indicates a publication code.

```
<!ELEMENT job_publication_code (publisher_code, printer_code)>
<!ELEMENT publisher_code (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT printer_code (#PCDATA)>
```

The job_title could be for example " magazine 12 " and the publication_code "MAGAZINE". Papers would then be printed out according to the type of magazine. The sender needs to know the receiver's publication code to get an answer.

6.2 JOB_NUMBER Element

To request the print-out of papers for a specific job title, a publisher must know the job number used by the printer. When the request is made, the publisher sends his job number, which can then be used by the printer in the answer.

```
<!ELEMENT job_number (publisher_code, printer_code)>
```

6.3 MOVEMENT_REQUEST_TYPE Element

It describes the type(s) of movement requested from the printer.

```
<!ELEMENT movement_request_type EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST movement_request_type type ( supplier_receipts | supplier_returns |
    paper_consumption | positive_adjust | negative_adjust |
    internal_move | transfer_paper | transformation_input |
    transformation_output )    #REQUIRED>
```

It does not contain any sub-element (EMPTY), but is composed of the #REQUIRED parameter : *type*.

- supplier_receipts
- supplier_returns
- paper_consumption
- positive_adjust
- negative_adjust
- internal_move (within the company)
- transfer_paper (transferring paper to another company : sale of paper, etc)
- transformation_input
- transformation_output

The customer can thus list specific movements.

6.4 FIRST_MVT_DATE and LAST_MVT_DATE Elements

They allow the user to define the period covered by a movement list request (or answer).

```
<!ELEMENT first_mvt_date EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST first_mvt_date day NMTOKEN #REQUIRED
                         month NMTOKEN #REQUIRED
                         year NMTOKEN #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT last_mvt_date EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST last_mvt_date day NMTOKEN #REQUIRED
                         month NMTOKEN #REQUIRED
                         year NMTOKEN #REQUIRED>
```

6.5 PAPER_LIST_ITEM Element

It includes sub-elements which define a paper list :

- paper
- quantity
- unusable_paper_quantity
- plant_allocation_detail : how much paper there is and where it is located in the plant

```
<!ELEMENT paper_list_item (paper, quantity, unusable_paper_quantity?,
                           plant_allocation_detail*)>
<!ELEMENT quantity (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT unusable_paper_quantity (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT plant_allocation_detail ( quantity)>
<!ATTLIST plant_allocation_detail plant_code CDATA #REQUIRED>
```

6.6 MOVEMENT_ITEM Element

It includes sub-elements which define a movement list :

- paper
- quantity, unusable_paper_quantity, first_mvt_date (to print out a paper inventory BEFORE the movement list ; optional);
- movement_detail (describes one line of the movement list);
- quantity, unusable_paper_quantity, last_mvt_date (to print out a paper inventory AFTER the movement list ; optional).

```
<!ELEMENT movement_item ( paper,
                           (quantity, unusable_paper_quantity?, first_mvt_date)?,
                           movement_detail+,
```

(quantity, unusable_paper_quantity?, last_mvt_date?)>

6.7 MOVEMENT_DETAIL Element

It is a line on the paper movement list and it contains the following elements :

- movement_type
- date
- quantity : the quantity which was moved,
- remarks
- plant_code (an optional parameter)

```
<!ELEMENT movement_detail ( movement_type, date, quantity, remarks?)>
<!ATTLIST movement_detail plant_code CDATA #IMPLIED>
```

6.8 MOVEMENT_TYPE Element

It describes the various movement types. Unlike the movement_request_type, which was used to request a move, it is used to print out a list of movements (it is the printer's answer to the request).

```
<!ELEMENT movement_type ( supplier_receipts | supplier_returns |
                           paper_consumption | positive_adjust | negative_adjust |
                           internal_move | transfer_paper | transformation_input |
                           transformation_output      )>
```

Note : the movement_request_type described earlier cannot be used here, since the elements composing movement_type are not all EMPTY.

6.8.1 supplier_receipts, supplier_returns Elements

Receipts and returns from suppliers.

```
<!ELEMENT supplier_receipts ( (supplier_code | supplier_name)+ )>
<!ELEMENT supplier_returns ( (supplier_code | supplier_name)+ )>
<!ELEMENT supplier_code (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT supplier_name (#PCDATA)>
```

When printing out a movement line for a supplier receipt or return, the printer indicates the supplier's name and/or code.

6.8.2 paper_consumption Element

Indicates the consumption of paper.

```
<!ELEMENT paper_consumption ( job_number, job_title, job_publication_code?)>
<!ELEMENT job_title (#PCDATA)>
```

When printing out a movement line for paper consumption, the printer indicates the printer's and the customer's job numbers, the job title and the paper publication

code (if there is one).

6.8.3 positive_adjust, negative_adjust Elements

Positive and negative adjustment :

```
<!ELEMENT positive_adjust EMPTY>
<!ELEMENT negative_adjust EMPTY>
```

6.8.4 internal_move, transfer_paper Elements

The internal_move element allows the user to move paper within the plant, for example from one storage place to another.

The transfer_paper element allows the user to transfer papers to other firms. The name of this other firm can be indicated as description (#PCDATA).

```
<!ELEMENT internal_move (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT transfer_paper (#PCDATA)>
```

6.8.5 transformation_input, transformation_output Elements

They make it possible to indicate the origin and the destination of a transformed paper.

Example : 500 sheets, format 64*92, cut into 1,000 sheets, format 45*64

```
<!ELEMENT transformation_input (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT transformation_output (#PCDATA)>
```

Appendix A - Inventory & mouvement request

31/8/2000

From : AIRE INFORMATIQUE
Olivier PEAUCELLE/Frederic LENA
email : nom@aireinfo.com/
Phone : 01 48 34 24 54
155, av. Jean-Jaurès
93531 Aubervilliers France
Code émetteur : AIREINFO

To : IMPRIMERIE D'ORLEANS
Cedric SAGORY
email : csagory@imp_orleans.com
Phone : 02 84 34 24 54
1, place Jeanne d'Arc
45000 Orleans France

transaction number : 111091

measurement unit : inches

Inventory request

paper code : sender/receiver	paper class (basic size)	paper designation	paper colour	paper weight	size	unit control
111 /	Bond (17x22)	-	white	20 lb (basis weight)	22 x 17	sheets

à la date du 15/6/2000 :

- **for particular job publication code**

Publisher code : TELE1

Printer code: TELERAMA

last mvt date : 15/8/2000

Mouvement request

first mvt date: 01/7/2000

last mvt date: 31/7/2000

mouvement type : supplier_receipts

mouvement type : supplier_returns

paper code : sender/receiver	paper class (basic size)	paper designation	paper colour	paper weight	size	unit control
BRI100 /	woodfree	Bristol	blue	80 g/m ²	64 x 45	sheets

Appendix A - Inventory list

From : IMPRIMERIE D'ORLEANS

Cedric SAGORY

email : csagory@imp_orleans.com

Phone : 02 84 34 24 54

1, place Jeanne d'Arc

45000 Orleans France

Code émetteur : IMPORL

To : AIRE INFORMATIQUE

Olivier PEAUCELLE/Frederic LENA

email : nom@aireinfo.com/

Phone : 01 48 34 24 54

155, av. Jean-Jaurès

93531 Aubervilliers France

transaction number : 109504

Inventory list

paper code : sender/receiver	paper class (basic size)	paper designation	paper colour	paper weight	size (inches)	quantity	unusable quantity	unit control
111 /	Bond (17x22)	-	white	20 lb (basis weight)	17 x 22	5000	1000	sheets
315 /	Bond (17x22)	-	Blue	40 M (basis weight)	17 x 22	1000		sheets
413 /	Tag (24x36)	-	white	100 lb (basis weight)	24 x 36	5.5	1.5	thousand_sheets
10120 /	Index (24x36)	-	white	200 M (M weight)	24 x 36	7		thousand_sheets

technical detail:

thickness : 72; brightness (appareil de mesure : ISO) : 95; **bulk**: 0.8; **tensile index** : 52; **tear index(en kN)**: 5; **bursting strength** : ; **stiffness** : 8; **fold resistance** : ; **opacity** : 61; **gloss** (date of production) : ; **porosity** : .6; **hydrometry** : 50; **rugosity** : ;

paper code : sender/receiver	paper class	paper designation	paper colour	paper weight	size (cm)	quantity	unusable quantity	unit control
111 /	woodfree	Centaure	white	80 g/m ²	45 x 64	5000	1000	sheets

Appendix A - Mouvement List

From : IMPRIMERIE D'ORLEANS

Cedric SAGORY

email : csagory@imp_orleans.com

Phone : 02 84 34 24 54

1, place Jeanne d'Arc

45000 Orleans France

Sender code : AIREINFO

To : AIRE INFORMATIQUE

Olivier PEAUCELLE/Frederic LENA

email : nom@aireinfo.com/

Phone : 01 48 34 24 54

155, av. Jean-Jaurès

93531 Aubervilliers France

transaction number : 210019

Mouvement list

measurement unit : (inches)

paper code : sender/receiver		paper class (basic size)	paper designation	paper colour	paper weight	size	unit control
111 /		Bond (17x22)	-	white	20 lb (basis weight)	17 x 22	sheets

plant code	date	mouvement	code/name	job number	title	quantity +	quantity -	remarks
MAG1	10/7/2000	supplier receipts	ARJO	-	-	30000	-	30 pallets
	15/3/2000	paper consumption	-	12003 A3RT64	le Horla	-	5000	
	17/3/2000	adjust +	-	-	-	750	-	
MAG2	17/3/2000	from MAG1	-	-	-	750	750	

■ for particular job publication code

Publisher code : TELE1

Printer code: TELERAMA

paper code : sender/receiver		paper class (basic size)	paper designation	paper colour	paper weight	size	unit control	
10120 /		Index (24x36)	-	white	200 M (M weight)	24 x 36	thousand_sheets	
plant code	date	mouvement	code/name	job number	title	quantity +	quantity -	remarks
MAG1	10/3/2000	supplier receipts	ARJO	-	-	30	-	30 pallets

Appendix B - printml_paper.dtd

```
<!ELEMENT document (document_header, transaction_number, date, document_class)>
<!ELEMENT document_header (identification_index | (from, to, forward_to*))>
<!ELEMENT identification_index (sender_identification_code, receiver_identification_code, forwarder_identification_code?)>
<!ELEMENT sender_identification_code (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT receiver_identification_code (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT forwarder_identification_code (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT from (identification, sender_identification_code)>
<!ELEMENT to ( identification)>
<!ELEMENT forward_to ( identification)>
<!ELEMENT identification (name, contact, address)>
<!ELEMENT name (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT contact (contact_name, contact_email, contact_phone, contact_fax?, contact_URL?)>
<!ELEMENT contact_name (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT contact_email (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT contact_phone (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT contact_fax (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT contact_URL (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT address (address_item?, address_item?, address_item?, Postcode, town, state?, country?)>
<!ELEMENT address_item (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT Postcode (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT town (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT state (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT country (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT transaction_number (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT date EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST date day NMTOKEN #REQUIRED
          month NMTOKEN #REQUIRED
          year NMTOKEN #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT document_class (document_publisher | document_printer)>


<!ELEMENT document_publisher (group_publisher_paper)>
<!ELEMENT group_publisher_paper (paper_header, report_request)>
<!ELEMENT paper_header EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST paper_header measurement_unit ( mm | cm | inches ) #REQUIRED
          decimal_separator ( point | coma ) #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT report_request ( inventory_request*, movement_request*, periodic_movement_request?)>
<!ELEMENT inventory_request ( (paper*,date) | (job_publication_code+, date))>
<!ELEMENT paper (paper_index | paper_item)>
<!ELEMENT paper_index (sender_paper_code, receiver_paper_code)>
<!ELEMENT sender_paper_code (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT receiver_paper_code (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT paper_item (owner_code, paper_code, paper_designation, (paper_colour | paper_white),
          paper_weight, (web | sheet), job_publication_code?, technical_detail?)>
<!ATTLIST paper_item paper_class (newsprint | glossy_art | glossy_art_2_faces | matt_art |
          matt_art_2_faces | half_matt_art_paper | satin_finished_art_paper | art_paper |
          art_paper_2_sides | low_grade_art_paper | low_grade_art_paper_2_sides |
          mechanical_art_paper | mechanical_art_paper_2_sides | lightweight | bulky_woodfree | woodfree |
          graded_woodfree | bible | NCR_paper | fancy_paper | environment_friendly_paper | art-card_coated |
          artcard_coated_2_sides | grey_board | Bond | Coated_text_book_offset | Cover |
          Index | Tag | Bristol | Newsprint) #REQUIRED
          recycled (yes | no) "no"
          unit_control ( sheets | kg | ream | thousand_sheets | Linear_meter ) #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT owner_code (sender_owner_code, receiver_owner_code?)>
<!ELEMENT sender_owner_code (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT receiver_owner_code (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT paper_code (sender_paper_code, receiver_paper_code?)>
<!ELEMENT paper_designation (#PCDATA)>
```

Appendix B - printml_paper.dtd

```
<!ELEMENT paper_colour (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT paper_white EMPTY>

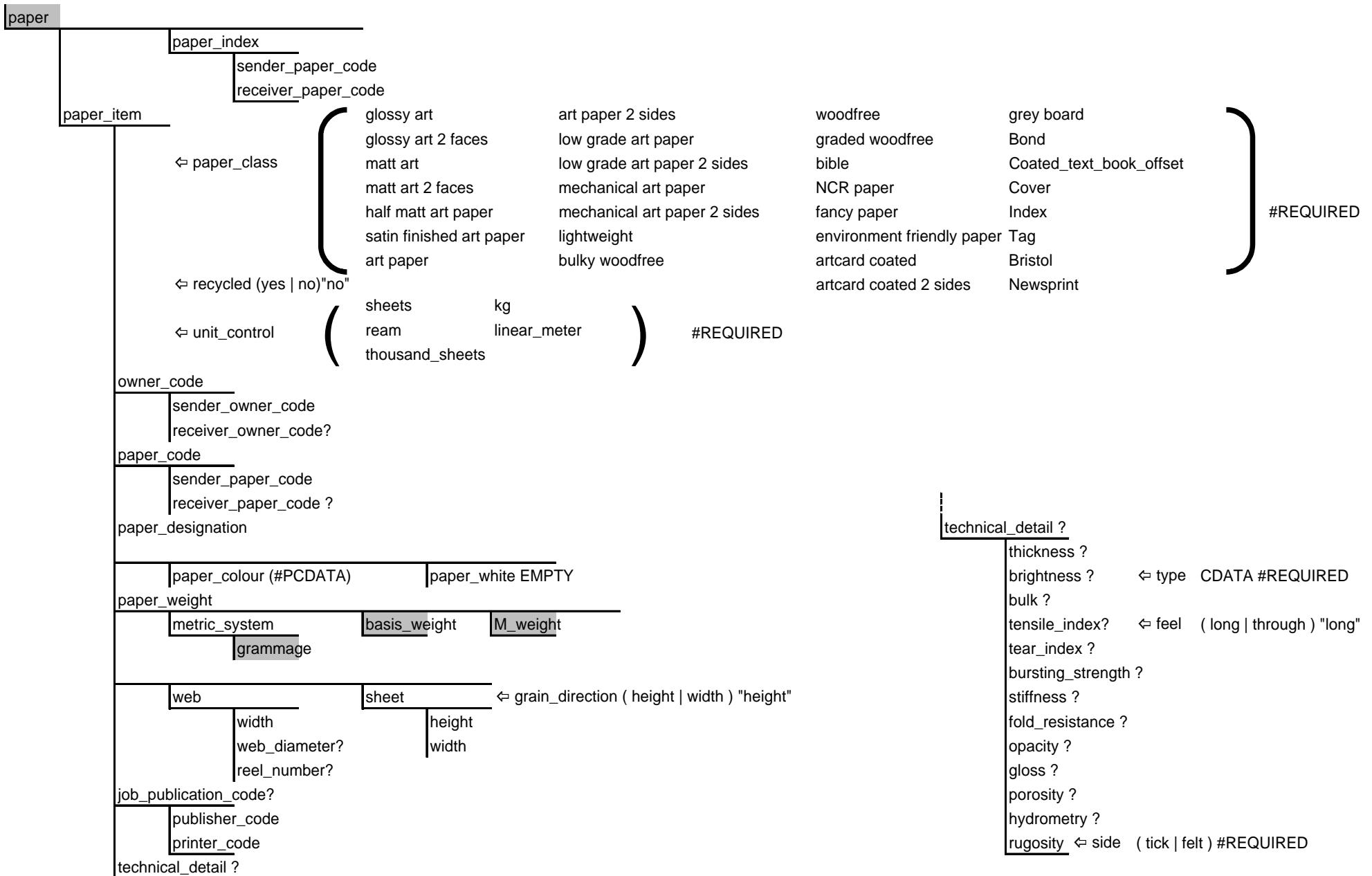

<!ELEMENT paper_weight (metric_system | basis_weight | M_weight)>
<!ELEMENT metric_system (grammage)>
<!ELEMENT grammage (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST grammage grammage_unit CDATA #FIXED "GSM">
<!ELEMENT basis_weight (paper_class, basis_weight_value)>
<!ELEMENT basis_weight_value (ream_weight_value | thousand_sheets_weight_value )>
<!ELEMENT ream_weight_value (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST ream_weight_value ream_weight_unit CDATA #FIXED "lb">
<!ELEMENT thousand_sheets_weight_value (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST thousand_sheets_weight_value thousand_sheets_weight_unit CDATA #FIXED "M">
<!ELEMENT paper_class (Bond | Coated_text_book_offset | Cover | Index | Tag | Bristol | Newsprint)>
<!ELEMENT Bond EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST Bond basic_size CDATA #FIXED "17x22">
<!ELEMENT Coated_text_book_offset EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST Coated_text_book_offset basic_size CDATA #FIXED "25x38">
<!ELEMENT Cover EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST Cover basic_size (20x26 | 22.5x35) "20x26">
<!ELEMENT Index EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST Index basic_size CDATA #FIXED "25.5x30.5">
<!ELEMENT Tag EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST Tag basic_size CDATA #FIXED "24x36">
<!ELEMENT Bristol EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST Bristol basic_size CDATA #FIXED "22.5x28.5">
<!ELEMENT Newsprint EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST Newsprint basic_size CDATA #FIXED "24x36">
<!ELEMENT M_weight (paper_class, M_weight_value)>
<!ELEMENT M_weight_value (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST M_weight_value M_weight_unit CDATA #FIXED "lb">
<!-- END_PAPER_WEIGHT-->

<!ELEMENT web (width, reel_diameter?, reel_number?)>
<!ELEMENT sheet (height, width)>
<!ATTLIST sheet grain_direction (height | width) "height">
<!ELEMENT height (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT width (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT reel_diameter (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT reel_number (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT technical_detail (thickness?, brightness?, bulk?, tensile_index?, tear_index,
    bursting_strength?, stiffness?, fold_resistance?, opacity?, gloss?, porosity?, hydrometry?,
    rugosity?)>
<!ELEMENT thickness (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT brightness (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST brightness type CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT bulk (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT tensile_index (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST tensile_index feel ( long | through ) "long">
<!ELEMENT tear_index (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT bursting_strength (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT stiffness (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT fold_resistance (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT opacity (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT gloss (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT porosity (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT hydrometry (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT rugosity EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST rugosity side (tick | felt) #REQUIRED>
```

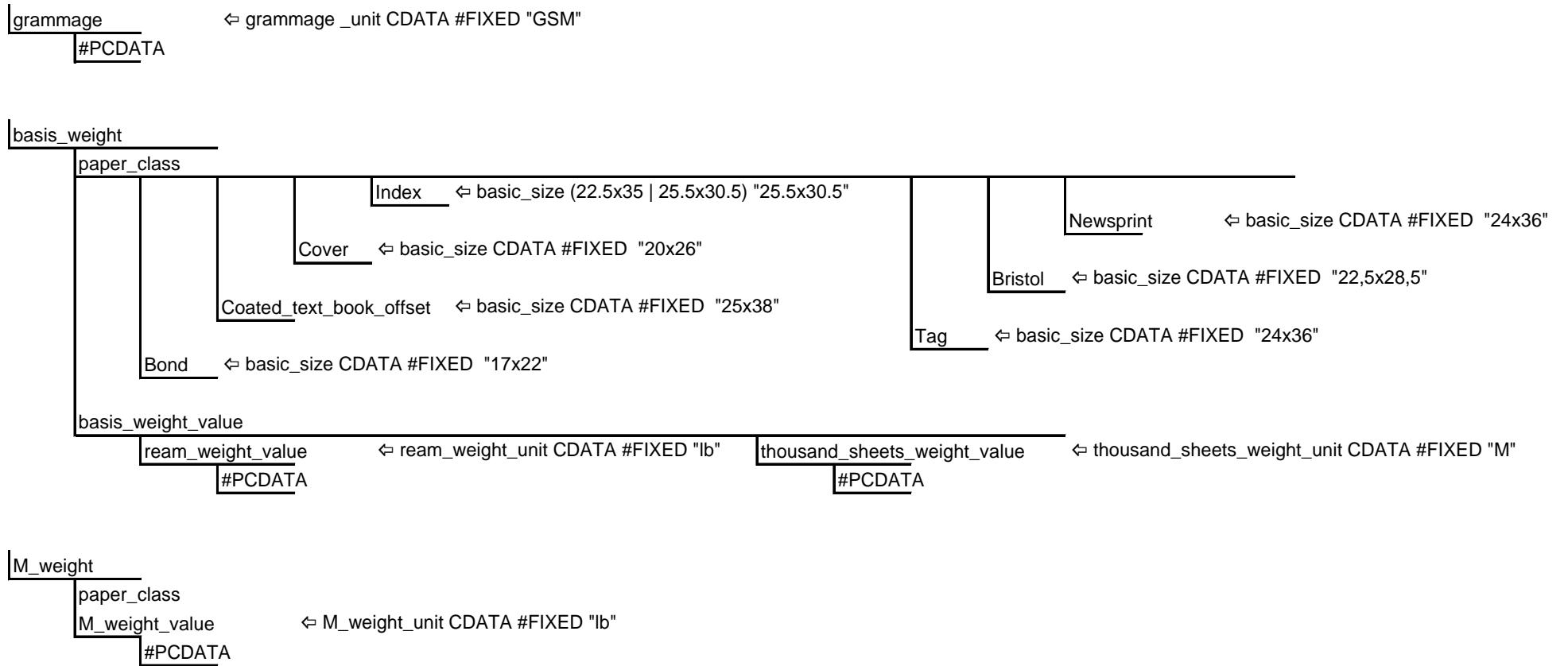
Appendix B - printml_paper.dtd

```
<!ELEMENT job_publication_code (publisher_code, printer_code)>
<!ELEMENT publisher_code (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT printer_code (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT movement_request (job_number | (job_publication_code, first_mvt_date, last_mvt_date) |
    (movement_request_type*, paper*, first_mvt_date, last_mvt_date))>
<!ELEMENT job_number (publisher_code, printer_code)>
<!ELEMENT movement_request_type EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST movement_request_type type (supplier_receipts | supplier_returns | paper_consumption | positive_adjust | negative_adjust | internal_move | transfer_paper | transformation_input | transformation_output) #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT first_mvt_date EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST first_mvt_date day NMTOKEN #REQUIRED
    month NMTOKEN #REQUIRED
    year NMTOKEN #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT last_mvt_date EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST last_mvt_date day NMTOKEN #REQUIRED
    month NMTOKEN #REQUIRED
    year NMTOKEN #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT periodic_movement_request EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST periodic_movement_request periodicity (weekly | monthly | quaterly | yearly) #REQUIRED>


<!ELEMENT document_printer (group_printer_paper)>
<!ELEMENT group_printer_paper (paper_header, inventory_list*, movement_list*)>
<!ELEMENT inventory_list (paper_list_item | (job_publication_code, paper_list_item*))>
<!ELEMENT paper_list_item (paper, quantity, unusable_paper_quantity?, plant_allocation_detail*)>
<!ELEMENT quantity (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT unusable_paper_quantity (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT plant_allocation_detail (quantity)>
<!ATTLIST plant_allocation_detail plant_code CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT movement_list ((job_publication_code, movement_item+) | (job_number, paper,
    movement_detail+) | movement_item)>
<!ELEMENT movement_item (paper,(quantity, unusable_paper_quantity?, first_mvt_date)?,
    movement_detail+, (quantity, unusable_paper_quantity?, last_mvt_date)?)>
<!ELEMENT movement_detail (movement_type, date, quantity, remarks?)>
<!ATTLIST movement_detail plant_code CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT movement_type (supplier_receipts | supplier_returns | paper_consumption | positive_adjust | negative_adjust | internal_move | transfer_paper | transformation_input | transformation_output)>
<!ELEMENT supplier_receipts (( supplier_code | supplier_name)+)>
<!ELEMENT supplier_code (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT supplier_name (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT supplier_returns ((supplier_code | supplier_name)+)>
<!ELEMENT paper_consumption (job_number, job_title, job_publication_code?)>
<!ELEMENT job_title (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT positive_adjust EMPTY>
<!ELEMENT negative_adjust EMPTY>
<!ELEMENT internal_move (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT transfer_paper (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT transformation_input (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT transformation_output (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT remarks (#PCDATA)>
```



Appendix C - paper_weight



Appendix C - Group_publisher_paper

```

group_publisher_paper
  paper_header    ⇄ measurement_unit ( mm | cm | inches ) #REQUIRED
  decimal_separator ( point | coma ) #REQUIRED
  report_request ?
    inventory_request*
      paper*           job_publication_code+
      date             publisher_code
      date             printer_code
      date
    movement_request*
      job_publication_code   job_number   movement_request_type' ⇄ type
      publisher_code        printer_code
      publisher_code
      printer_code
      first_mvt_date
      last_mvt_date
      paper*
      first_mvt_date    ⇄ day       CDATA #REQUIRED
      ⇄ month      CDATA #REQUIRED
      ⇄ year       CDATA #REQUIRED
      last_mvt_date   ⇄ day       CDATA #REQUIRED
      ⇄ month      CDATA #REQUIRED
      ⇄ year       CDATA #REQUIRED
    periodic_movement_request? ⇄ periodicity (weekly | monthly | quarterly | yearly) #REQUIRED
  (
    supplier_receipt
    supplier_return
    paper_consumption
    transformation_input
    transformation_output
  )
  positive_adjust
  negative_adjust
  internal_move
  transfer_paper
) #REQUIRED

```

Appendix C - Group_printer_paper

